

QTP Open Source Test Automation Framework Scripting Standards for Web

Version 1.0

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1. Introduction

1.1. Purpose

This document provides details about the various columns used during scripting, the keywords and their descriptions, along with methodologies to be followed while scripting using keywords.



2. Standards for Keyword Scripting

2.1. Getting Started

Before learning about the columns used for keyword scripting, the user should know the keyword script and how to call the framework from the test script.

As shown in the figure below, the keyword script is the actual automation test script that corresponds to the manual test case. It is written in the global sheet of the tool. In the 'Expert View' of the tool, the framework is called using the command 'Call Keyword_Driver()'.

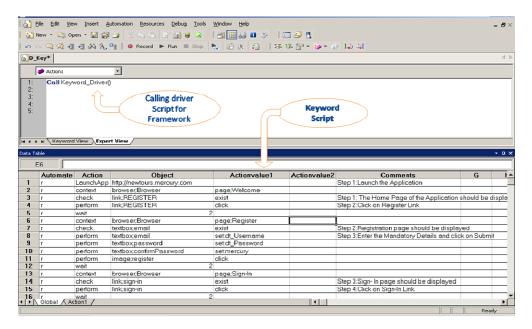


Figure 1: Keyword Script and Calling the Framework

2.2. Column Description

This section describes the columns used for keyword scripting.

2.2.1. Automate (Column 'A')

The data in the 'Automate' column identifies whether the current step in the test case is to be run (automated) or not. This column has the letter 'r', which denotes that the current step should be run. If any step in the test case is not being run then the corresponding row in the first column is to be left blank. All the steps will run based on the data in this column.



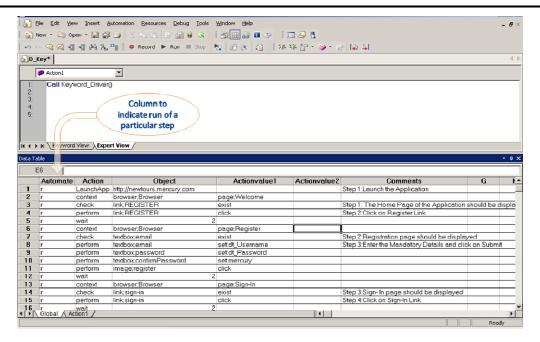


Figure 2: Column 'Automate'

2.2.2. Action (Column 'B')

The second column of the global sheet indicates the generic type of action being performed on the application under test (AUT). The Action column is dedicated to different types of actions that will be performed on a particular object.

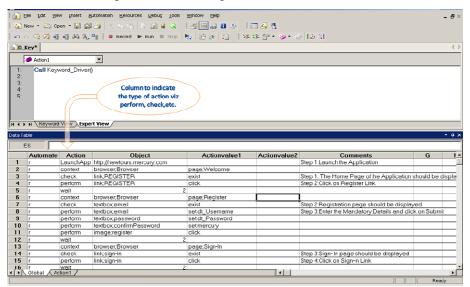


Figure 3: Column 'Action'



The keywords that can be used in this column are:

1. LaunchApp

'LaunchApp' is used to launch the AUT. This keyword triggers the driver script to launch the application either from a specified folder (the location of which is specified in the third column) or, if the application is already synchronized with QuickTest Professional (QTP), then this automatically launches the application from the location specified in QTP.

Context

'Context' is used only on a Web page or a dialog object. This keyword brings a particular Web page or dialog window to the current context, so that any operation or checking can be performed on that particular Web page or dialog.

3. Perform

'Perform' is used to perform an operation on a particular object (ex: clicking on a button, closing an open Web page, or typing some text in a textbox). This keyword should be entered in the corresponding row in the second column if any such operations are to be performed.

4. Check

'Check' is used to check if the required property of a particular object is attained at runtime. This is a type of validation step (expected result).

5. Condition

'Condition' is used to compare two variables, check properties for the existence of windows, etc.

6. CallFunction

'Call Function' is used to call any declared function used in a particular script. These functions should be declared in a different .vbs file.

7. Storevalue

'Storevalue' is used to store the property values of different objects in different environment variables. These environment variables can later be used as input parameters in various functions and also in scripts.

8. PressKey

'Press Key' is used to pass hot keys such as Enter, F3, F10, Ctrl-S, etc.

9. Msgbox

'Msgbox' is used for debugging to display the contents of a variable.

10. Report

'Report' is used for customized reporter events. It is displayed in the result sheet. The report results can include: i) Pass, ii) Fail, iii) Done, iv) Warning.

11. Strsearch

'Strsearch' is used to search for a 'sub string' inside a 'main string'.



12. Strreplace

'Strreplace' is used for replacing a 'sub string' inside a 'main string' with a new 'sub string'.

13. Strconcat

'Strconcat' is used to concatenate any number of strings with one other.

14. Wait

'Wait' is used to place static waits in the keyword script.

15. Arith

'Arith' is used to perform arithmetic operations on the variables.

16. Assignvalue

'Assignvalue' is used to assign dynamically generated values from the application to environment variables.

17. Callaction

'Callaction' is used to call reusable actions that are declared in the script.

18. Loop

'Loop' is used to loop a set of actions given in the datatable.

19. Convert

'Convert' is used to typecast from one data type to another.



A detailed description of the keywords is provided in the QTP Open Source Test Automation Framework Keywords for Web document.

2.2.3. Object (Column 'C')

The third column of the global sheet is used to indicate the object on which a particular type of action is to be performed. When the object is present in the object repository, the object class and object name are specified in column C (as shown in Example 1). However, if the object is not added to the object repository, descriptive programming can be used by specifying any property and its value (as shown in Example 2). The object column, or column 'C', contains all the required details for an object (viz. Class to which the objects belong to and the object name) on which various operations and validations are to be performed.

Example 1:

Action	Object
Perform	Element;OK
Perform	Textbox; Lastname

In the above example, the object column indicates that some operation has to be performed on an object of class 'WebElement' having the



name 'OK'. Similarly, in the next line some operation has to be performed on an object of class 'Textbox' having the name 'Lastname'.

Example 2:

Action	0bject
Perform	Element; text:=OK
Perform	Textbox; name:=Lastname

In the above example, the object is not added to the object repository. Some operation has to be performed on an object of class WebElement having a property 'text', the value of which is 'OK'. Similarly, some operation has to be performed on an object of class Textbox having a property 'name', the value of which is 'Lastname'.



The object and its name are usually separated by a delimiter ';' as shown in the above example. (Delimiters will be covered later in this document).

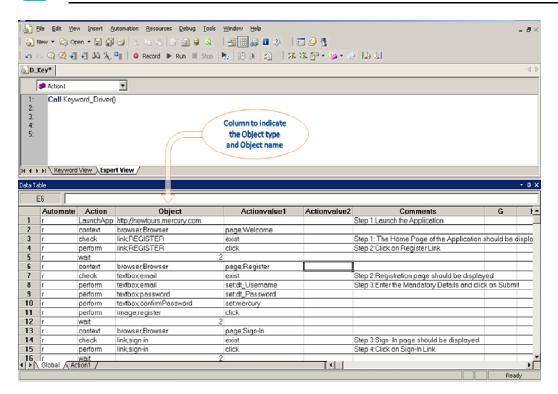


Figure 4: Column 'Object'

Commonly used objects include:-

Sl.No	Objects used in the Open Source Test Automation Framework for Web	Web Object Class
1.	Browser	Browser



3. Frame Frame 4. Window Window 5. Button WebButton 6. Checkbox WebCheckBox 7. Combobox WebList 8. Textbox WebEdit 9. Radio button WebRadioGroup 10. Link Link 11. WebFile WebFile 12. Webarea WebArea 13. Image Image 14. Table WebTable 15. Element WebElement 16. Viewlink Viewlink 17. ChildTable WebTable inside a WebTable 18. Tablecheckbox WebCheckBox inside a WebTable 20. Tablecombobox WebList inside a WebTable 21. TableImage Image inside a WebTable 22. TableImage Image inside a WebTable 23. TableElement WebElement inside a WebTable 24. TableLink Link inside a WebTable 25. Tableradiobutton WebBadic inside a WebTable 26. TableLink Link inside a WebTable 27. TableLink Link inside a WebTable	2.	Page	Page
5. Button 6. Checkbox 7. Combobox 8. Textbox 9. Radio button 10. Link 11. WebFile 12. Webarea 13. Image 14. Table 15. Element 16. Viewlink 17. ChildTable 18. Tablebutton 19. Tablecheckbox 19. Tablecombobox 19. Tabletmage 19. TableImage 19. TableImage 19. TableImage 19. TableLink 19. TableLink 19. Tablecment 19. Tablecme	3.	Frame	Frame
6. Checkbox 7. Combobox 8. Textbox 9. Radio button 10. Link 11. WebFile 12. Webarea 13. Image 14. Table 15. Element 16. Viewlink 17. ChildTable 18. Tablebutton 19. Tablecheckbox 19. Tablecombobox 19. Tabletextbox 20. TableImage 21. TableImage 22. TableImage 24. TableLink 25. TableLink 26. CheckBox 27. WebRadioGroup 28. WebCadea 29. TableElement 29. TableElement 20. TableElement 20. TableElement 20. TableElement 21. TableElement 22. TableImage 23. TableImage 24. TableLink 25. Tableradiobutton 26. WebRadioGroup inside a WebTable 27. TableImage 28. TableImage 29. TableImage 20. TableImage 20. TableImage 20. TableImage 21. TableImage 22. TableImage 23. TableImage 24. TableImage 25. TableImage WebRadioGroup inside a	4.	Window	Window
7. Combobox 8. Textbox 9. Radio button 10. Link 11. WebFile 12. Webarea 13. Image 14. Table 15. Element 16. Viewlink 17. ChildTable 18. Tablebutton 19. Tablecheckbox WebButton inside a WebTable 20. Tablecombobox WebCheckBox inside a WebTable 21. Tabletextbox WebElement WebElement WebCheckBox inside a WebTable WebTable Tablecombobox WebList inside a WebTable WebTable Tabletextbox WebElement WebElement WebCheckBox inside a WebTable Tabletextbox WebCheckBox inside a WebTable Tabletextbox WebElement inside a WebTable WebElement inside a WebTable TableElement WebElement inside a WebTable Link inside a WebTable TableElement WebElement inside a WebTable	5.	Button	WebButton
8. Textbox 9. Radio button WebRadioGroup 10. Link Link 11. WebFile WebFile WebFile 12. Webarea WebArea 13. Image Image MebTable 15. Element WebElement WebTable 16. Viewlink Viewlink Viewlink WebTable inside a WebTable 18. Tablebutton WebButton inside a WebTable 19. Tablecheckbox WebCheckBox inside a WebTable 20. Tablecombobox WebEdit inside a WebTable 21. TableImage TableElement WebElement inside a WebTable 22. TableImage TableElement WebElement inside a WebTable 23. TableLink Link inside a WebTable	6.	Checkbox	WebCheckBox
9. Radio button WebRadioGroup 10. Link Link 11. WebFile WebFile 12. Webarea WebArea 13. Image Image 14. Table WebTable 15. Element WebElement 16. Viewlink Viewlink 17. ChildTable WebTable inside a WebTable 18. Tablebutton WebRadioGroup inside a WebTable 20. Tablecombobox WebList inside a WebTable 21. TableImage Image inside a WebTable 22. TableImage Image inside a WebTable 23. TableLink Link inside a WebTable 24. TableLink Link inside a WebTable 25. Tableradiobutton WebRadioGroup inside a	7.	Combobox	WebList
10. Link 11. WebFile 12. Webarea 13. Image 14. Table 15. Element 16. Viewlink 17. ChildTable 18. Tablebutton 19. Tablecheckbox 20. Tablecombobox Tablecombobox 21. TableImage 22. TableImage 23. TableElement WebFile WebFile WebTable Tablecimbobox WebList inside a WebTable WebTable Tabletextbox WebEdit inside a WebTable WebTable Link inside a WebTable	8.	Textbox	WebEdit
11. WebFile 12. Webarea 13. Image 14. Table 15. Element 16. Viewlink 17. ChildTable 18. Tablebutton 19. Tablecheckbox 20. Tablecombobox 21. Tabletxtbox 22. TableImage 23. TableLink 24. TableLink 25. Tableradiobutton WebRadioGroup inside a	9.	Radio button	WebRadioGroup
12. Webarea WebArea 13. Image Image 14. Table WebTable 15. Element WebElement 16. Viewlink Viewlink 17. ChildTable WebTable inside a WebTable 18. Tablebutton WebButton inside a WebTable 19. Tablecheckbox WebCable 20. Tablecombobox WebList inside a WebTable 21. Tabletextbox WebEdit inside a WebTable 22. TableImage Image inside a WebTable 23. TableElement WebBelement inside a WebTable 24. TableLink Link inside a WebTable 25. Tableradiobutton WebRadioGroup inside a	10.	Link	Link
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15. Element WebElement 16. Viewlink Viewlink 17. ChildTable WebTable inside a WebTable 18. Tablebutton WebButton inside a WebTable 19. Tablecheckbox WebCheckBox inside a WebTable 20. Tablecombobox WebList inside a WebTable 21. Tabletextbox WebEdit inside a WebTable 22. TableImage Image inside a WebTable 23. TableElement WebElement inside a WebTable 24. TableLink Link inside a WebTable 25. Tableradiobutton WebRadioGroup inside a	13.	Image	Image
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WebTable 21. Tabletextbox WebEdit inside a WebTable 22. TableImage Image inside a WebTable 23. TableElement WebElement inside a WebTable 24. TableLink Link inside a WebTable 25. Tableradiobutton WebRadioGroup inside a	19.	Tablecheckbox	
WebTable 22. TableImage Image inside a WebTable 23. TableElement WebElement inside a WebTable 24. TableLink Link inside a WebTable 25. Tableradiobutton WebRadioGroup inside a	20.	Tablecombobox	
23. TableElement WebElement inside a WebTable 24. TableLink Link inside a WebTable 25. Tableradiobutton WebRadioGroup inside a	21.	Tabletextbox	
WebTable 24. TableLink Link inside a WebTable 25. Tableradiobutton WebRadioGroup inside a	22.	TableImage	Image inside a WebTable
25. Tableradiobutton WebRadioGroup inside a	23.	TableElement	
	24.	TableLink	Link inside a WebTable
	25.	Tableradiobutton	
26 Dialog Dialog	26	Dialog	Dialog

Table 1: Objects used in the Open Source Test Automation Framework

2.2.4. ActionValue1 (Column 'D')

The forth column of the global sheet is used to indicate the specific action being performed on the objects present in the AUT. It contains the details of all the operations or verifications to be performed on the objects listed in the objects column.

Consider the example of the object 'WebElement' with name OK.

One of the actions that can be performed on a WebElement would be Click .

Therefore, in column 4 the above operation is put in the keyword form as " ${f CLICK}$ ".

Example 2: The keyword CLICK on an OK button is as follows:



Action	Object	Operation		
Perform	Element;OK	Click	•	ACTION

If user wants to \mathbf{check} if the button is enabled before clicking, the syntax would be

Action	Object	Operation	CHECKING
Check	Element;OK	Enabled:True	

Action	Object	Operation	
Check	Element; OK	Enabled:False◀	CHECKING

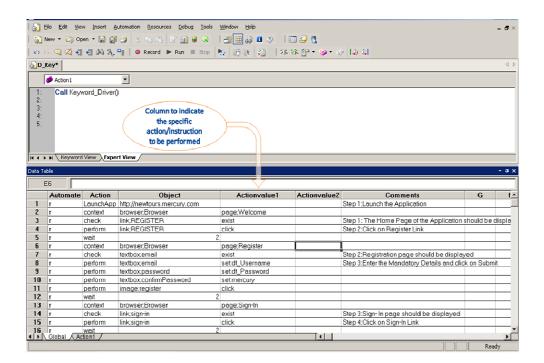


Figure 5: Column 'Actionvalue1'



The most commonly used keywords for specific actions that can be used with the generic keyword 'Perform' written in Column 'Action' are:-

1. Click

'Click' is used to perform the click operation on objects (ex. clicking a Webbutton, linking a Webelement, etc).

2. Close

'Close' is used to perform the close operation on any open objects. (ex. closing a browser, window, or dialog box).

3. Select:<name>

'Select' is used to select an item from Combobox or Radio button.

4. Selectindex:<index>

'Selectindex' is used to select an item from a Listbox or Combobox.

5. Set:<Text>

'Set' is used to assign a value to an edit field.

6. Set:d_currenttime

'Set:d_currenttime' sets the current system time in the edit field.

7. Set:d_currentdate

'Set:d_currentdate' sets the current system date in the edit field.

8. Set:d_d; <value to be added/subtracted>

This function adds or subtracts the value specified to the current system date and sets the edit field to a given value.

9. Set:d_m; <value to be added/subtracted>

This function adds or subtracts the value specified to the current system month and sets the edit field to a given value.

10. Set:d_y; <value to be added/subtracted>

This function adds or subtracts the value specified to the current system year and sets the edit field to a given value.

11. Set:<On/Off>

This function is used to select or deselect a Radio button

12. Submit

This function is used to submit the value entered in a Textbox, Combobox, or Radio button, etc.

13. Deselect:<name>

This function is used to deselect a selected item in a list.

14. Extendselect: <name>

This function is used to select more than one item from a list.

15. set:env_<Environment Name>

This function is used to assign the value, which is stored in environment variable, to the edit field.



16. set:dt Parameter

This function is used to assign the value, which is given in the external test data sheet, to the edit field.

17. set:#<variable>

This function is used to assign the value, which is stored in the variable, to the edit field.

18. set:p_<parameter>

This function is used to assign the value, which is stored in the Input Parameter, to the edit field.

19. <conversiontype>:<variable name>:<format type>

This function is used to convert a variable from one data type to another.

20. set:<text>:row:col:index

'Set' is used to set the text field with a required string in a specified row and column in a table.

21. submit:row:col:index

This function is used to submit the value entered in a Tabletextbox, Tablecombobox, or Tableradiobutton to a specified row and column in a table.

22. Select:<name>:row:col:index

This function is used to select a value from a Weblist by specifying the name for a specified row and column in a table.

23. deselect:<name>:row:col:index

This function is used to deselect an item from the Weblist for a specified row and column in a table.

24. extendselect:<name>:row:col:index

This function is used to select an additional item in the Weblist for a specified row and column in a table.



This function is uupported only if multi-selection is available for the Weblist

25. Select:#<index>:row:col:index or Select index:<index>:row:col:index

This function is used to select the Tableradiobutton (Radio button in a table) for a specified row and column in a table.

26. click:row:col:index

This function is used to click on a table image, table link, or Web table for a specified row and column in a table.

27. set:ON/OFF:row:col:index

This function is used to select or deselect a checkbox in a table for a specified row or column.

28. tableoperation:type:<Object type>:<value>:<Selection>

This function is an operation to Set ON or OFF an object present inside a table, depending on the object type and value of that object



29. tableoperation:html tag:A:<Link Name>

This function is used to click on a link present inside a table, depending on the link value.

30. RowNum:<rowval>--<[number of columns]>

This function is used to obtain the row number of a required string(<rowval>) specified in the keyword script from a table. The search can also be restricted by specifying the number of columns (<[number of columns]>)

31. Create; <Folder Path/Name>/<File Path/Name>

This function is used to create a folder/file in the specified path.

32. Delete; <Folder Path/Name>/<File Path/Name>

This function is used to delete a folder/file in the specified path.

33. Copy; <Source Path/Name>; <DestinationFolder Path/Name> / <Source File Path/Name>; <Destination Folder Path>

This function is used to copy a folder/file from the source to the destination path specified.

34. Move; <Source Path/Name>; <DestinationFolder Path/Name>/<Source File Path/Name>; <Destination Folder Path>

This function is used to move a folder/file from the source to the destination path.

35. Write; <File Path/Name>; <The value to be entered>

This function is used to write the file with the data mentioned in the specified path.

36. Read; <File Path/Name>; <Variable to store data from file>

This function is used to read the contents of a mentioned file and store the values in the specified variable.

37. Append; <File Path/Name>; <text to be appended to file>

This function is used to append the data specified with the data contained in the file.

38. DBObjectName:OutputCheckPointName

This function is used for capturing multiple values from the database.

DBObjectName is the name of the DB Object to be present in the object repository and Output Checkpoint is the name of the checkpoint placed inside, where many output values are captured.

39. Descriptive Programming

Descriptive programming can also used with the above object types when the object is not added to the object repository.

The most commonly used keywords for specific actions used with the generic keyword 'Check' written in Column 'Action' are:-

Selection:<item name>

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether the desired item is selected in the 'Combobox'.



2. Checked: <Name>

This is a Check operation which is used to verify whether a Radio button in a Webradiogroup whose name is specified is checked or not.

3. Checked:<True/False>

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether a Checkbox is checked or not.

4. Enabled:<True/False>

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether the given Web object is enabled or not.

5. Exist:<True/False>

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether the Web object whose name is specified exists or not.

6. Focused:<True/False>

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether the object is focused or not.

7. Visible:<True/False>

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether the specified object is visible or not.

8. ItemsCount:<Item>

This is a Check operation that is used to verify the number of items in a Combobox.

9. Text:<text/#Variable Name>

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether the required text is present in the object.

This function is used to obtain the column and row number based on the column names (ex.<colnamel>) and row values (ex.<rowvall>) specified in the keyword script if it is used with the 'Perform' keyword. This can also be used to verify whether the specified column name and row value are present or not in the table if it is used with the 'Check' keyword.



The search can also be restricted by specifying the number of columns (<[no of columns]>) to search.

11. prop_name:<variable_name>

This function is used to store the property value in the specified variable. It is used with the 'Storevalue' keyword.

12. text:<text to search>

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether a string is present or not in the table.

13. tablecheck:<input sheet name>

This function is used to check the value of a table with an input sheet

14. search:<text>



This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether the value of the string is in the current row of the object or not.

15. search: #<variable name>

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether a value stored in environment variable is in the current row of the Combobox.

16. text:blank

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether a text field is blank.

17. enabled: True/False: row: col:index

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether the object is enabled or disabled for a specified row and column in a table.

18. visible:True:row:col:index

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether an object is visible or not for a specified row and column in a table.

19. selection:<name>:row:col:index

This is a Check operation that is used to verify whether the specified Tableradio button is selected or not for a specified row and column in a table.

20. itemscount:<# items>:row:col:index

This is a Check operation that is used to verify the number of elements in the Radio group for a specified row and column in a table.

21. tablecheck:<input sheet name>:row:col:index

This function is used to check whether the specified value is present or not in a table.



A detailed description of the keywords is provided in the QTP Open Source Test Automation Framework Keywords for Web document.

2.2.5. ActionValue2 (Column 'E')

The fifth column of the global sheet may be used to store the values that are returned from specific functions (ex: user-defined functions).



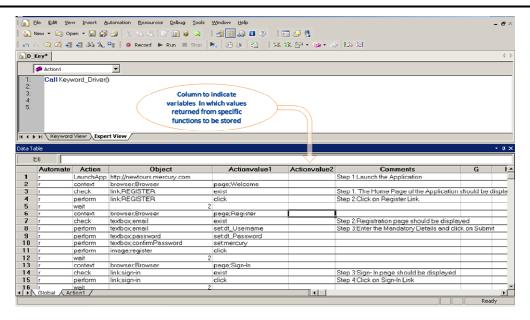


Figure 6: Column 'Actionvalue2'

2.2.6. Comments (Column 'F')

The 'Comments' Column is used to enter generic information about the current step being run. It provides a better understanding of the steps being performed in the particular test script and also helps to map the test script to the manual test case.

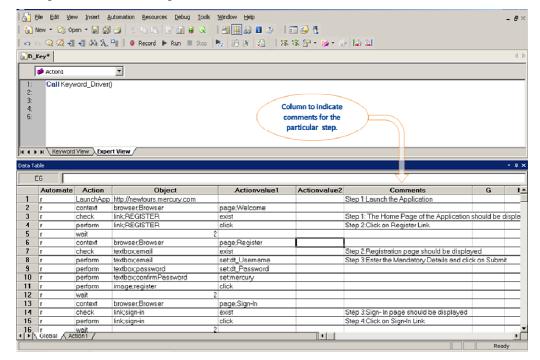


Figure 7: Column 'Comments'



2.2.7. Delimiters

Delimiters are any string characters used to identify the sub-string limits. Delimiters are generally used with the Split function, which is used to split the input into different substrings. When a delimiter is omitted, the space character ("") is assumed to be a delimiter.

Purpose of Delimiters:

Delimiters break down the input values to different strings and take them as keywords to perform any operation concerned with that object.

Delimiters Used in this Framework:

When scripting using the keyword-driven approach, use separators or delimiters appropriately between two keywords. Delimiters that are used in the framework are:

• : (colon)

• ; (semi colon)

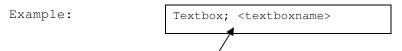
• :: (double colon)

Using Delimiters:

There are four columns involved in the keyword-driven approach. The role of delimiters comes in the 'Objects' column (column 3) and the 'Operations' column (column 4).

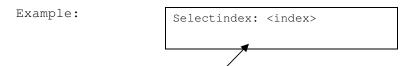
'Objects' column (column 3):

This column is used to define the class and the name of the object. The delimiter used in this column to separate the class of the object and the name of the object is a semi-colon ';'.



'ActionValue1' column (column 4):

This column usually provides details of the operations that need to be performed on the object. The delimiter used to separate the property and the property values in this column is a colon ':'.



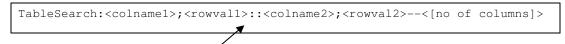
To specify the child objects present in a window, browser, or dialog box, use the double colon '::' delimiter.





To specify the optional parameters to be used for certain keywords, use the double hyphen '--' delimeter.

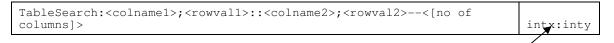
Example:



'ActionValue1' column (column 4):

This column is most often used to specify variables in which the output parameters of certain functions are to be stored. The delimiter used is a colon ':'

Example





2.2.8. Variables

• To store a value in a variable, an environment variable is used.

Example:

assignvalue

Here in the variable 'strName', the value 'Smith' is stored.

• To store the property value of an object, an environment variable is used.

Example:

storevalue	Textbox; <textbox< th=""><th>Prop_name:<varname></varname></th></textbox<>	Prop_name: <varname></varname>
	name>	

Here, the value in the textbox is stored to a variable 'varName'

• To input a value to a field from a variable, the variable should be preceded by '#'.

Example:

Perform	Textbox; <textbox name=""></textbox>	Set:#varName
---------	--------------------------------------	--------------

Here, the value stored in varName is typed into the textbox.

Defining a variable requires the use of certain standards. For example, for a variable to store a string value it should be appended with "Str" ex.StrVarName. Similarly, an integer should be appended with "int" and Boolean should be appended with "bln".



3. Sequence of Keywords

While scripting using keywords, some keywords have to be written in combination with other keywords. This section deals with methodologies that should be followed while scripting using keywords.

3.1. Use of the Keyword 'Context'

The keyword 'Context' has to be used whenever the AUT screen changes. Example:

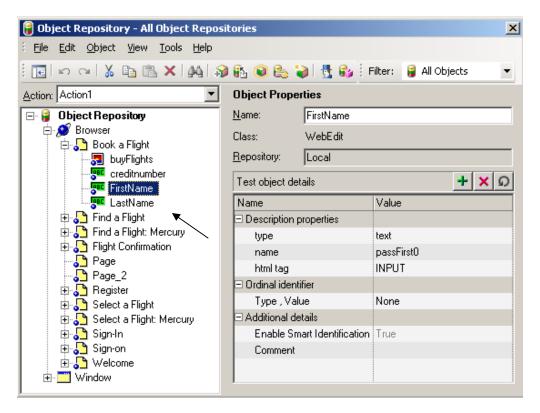


Figure 8: Keyword 'Context'

If the object 'FirstName' has to be used in the script, then the preceding row should have the context set to the previous object in the hierarchy.

Therefore, the combination to be used while performing an action on the object 'FirstName' is:

Context	Browser; Browser	Page;Book a Flight
Perform	Textbox; FirstName	Set:Smith

If we are going to use another object on the same page, then the context need not be set again.



Context	Browser; Browser	Page;Book a Flight
Perform	Textbox;FirstName	Set:Smith
Perform	Textbox;LastName	Set:Smith

3.2. Use of 'Conditional Statements'

If the user is implementing an If - Else conditional statement, then the keyword is followed by a semi-colon ';' and the values that indicate the start row and the end row should be separated by a semi-colon ';'.

Example:

If the condition mentioned is 'True', execution starts from the startrow and would end at the endrow specified. If the condition specified is 'False', there would be no effect in the script and the execution would continue as normal.

Two conditional statements must be used together to satisfy the 'and' condition.

Condition	<var1>;comparator;<var2></var2></var1>	startrow;endrow
Condition	<var2>;comparator;<var3></var3></var2>	startrow;endrow

This implies that an 'and' operation is being performed.

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